



Republic of Yemen
Ministry of Planning and Development
Food Security Technical Secretariat (FSTS)

Agriculture Tuta Absoluta



It is a small butterfly with a length of 7.5 mm and a width of 8-10 mm with spread wings, with a silver-gray color, and this is what distinguishes it from potato tuber butterflies.

Tomato is the main host for the Tuta Absoluta butterfly, and it is the most important economically of vegetables on the level, and not only in Yemen. It attacks potatoes, eggplant, sweet and hot peppers and teda directly with the tomato crop, which enables it to end the crop within 48-72 hours only after hatching the eggs (introductory leaflet on the fruit insect Tomatoes,(Ministry of Agriculture - Tihama Development Authority).

According to the reports of the governorates' field units (July reports), the insect reduces the productivity of the tomato crop as a result of the infection caused by this pest and reduces the farmer's income and helps in raising the price of the crop in a way that affects food security and the farmer incurs significant economic losses during the agricultural season as a result of crop damage due to the pest which contributes to the rise in tomato prices since the beginning of this year, a noticeable rise in the local markets, which has reached fantastic rates as a result of the crop being damaged by this pest.

Introduction

The aim of this monthly SNAPSHOT is to provide a brief overview of the food security situation in Yemen in its various sectors and to provide all stakeholders with a view to highlighting the various issues related to food security to draw attention of stakeholders, officials and decision-makers. the topics in this SNAPSHOT are derived from various sources and sectors including Food Secularity Information System - Governorate Focal Unit (FSIS-GFUs), the FAO project Strengthening of the Food Security information and Early Warning System, sectoral ministries and local and international NGOs.

Trade and Industry

Imports of basic food commodities of July 2022 through the port of Hodeidah and Salif and compared to the same month of the previous year, July 2021

A table showing the imports of basic food commodities for the month of July 2022 and their comparison with the same month of the previous year 2021

Commodities	Wheat	Wheat flour	Cooking oil	Rice	Sugar	Maize	legumes	soybean
July 2022	104,017	32,000	484	3537	40,600	30,977	3702	0
July 2021	226,202	85,703	4940	6152	0	55,039	4149	27,395

From the above table, we notice a decrease in the imports of most basic commodities during the month of July 2022 when compared to the same month of the previous year, July 2021 , The decreased covered most commodities (wheat - wheat flour - rice - cooking oil - corn - legumes - soybean meal) at an average rate of (54% - 62% - 42% - 90% - 44% - 11% - 100%) respectively, while sugar imports increased during July 2022 by 100%. The prices of fuel and oil derivatives, where the price of a barrel of oil reached 117 dollars at the end of last June, and this global rise is due to the impact of the Russian-Ukrainian war which began in February 2022 and affected grain prices, and our country depends on Russian and Ukrainian wheat with an average rate of 33% of the total annual wheat imports as well as the lack of flow Imports as a result of the ongoing conflict, the imposed siege and the delay of ships for the inspection process carried out by the United Nations, all of these factors led to the reduction of commodity imports through the ports of Hodeidah and Saleef during the month of July 2022, when compared to the same period of the Previous year July 2021⁽³⁾

Fisheries

The opening season of the coastal shrimp in the Red Sea

The Ministry of Fish wealth in Sana'a announced the opening of the season of catching coastal shrimp in the Red Sea from the marine waters of the Republic of Yemen, starting from 20/8/2022 until further notice. Accordingly, the General Authority for Fisheries in the Red Sea obligated the opening of the season while observing the nets used by fishermen in catching shrimp, and adhering to the nets with openings referred to in the law, which amount to 3.8 cm, to give the stock an opportunity for renewal and sustainability and to prevent fishing and dredging in the lagoons and sensitive environments as they are areas Nursery and pastures for young shrimp and other marine life, tightening marine control over these areas, and harnessing all possibilities available to the relevant authorities to prevent any breach that may occur by violators, stressing the prevention of the circulation and sale of aquatic organisms in other than fish landing centers and auction sites in accordance with the provisions of the Fishing Law No. (2) of 2006 AD.⁽¹⁾

The Health & Nutrition

Yemen Nutrition Cluster Achievements Analysis 2020 – 2022

According to Yemen nutrition cluster achievements analysis 2020-2022, a total of 55964 people in need, they only targeted 43511, but they admissions just 17,596.

Furthermore, they reported, a total of 5208-health facilities count, but there are 4976 functional facilities, and 232 not functional health facilities.

In addition, 160 of functional facilities covered by TFC (Therapeutic Feeding Centers), but 4816 did not cover by TFC. it means TFC coverage rate is 3.8% of health facilities

In conclusion: Therapeutic Feeding Centres (TFC) should be more than 160 unit for coverage most of admissions cases who has Sever Acute Malnutrition. The suggestion should increase number of TFC to coverage most of admissions who has SAM case.⁽²⁾

Sources : 1: the media center of the Ministry of Fisheries <https://www.cmfwye.net> 2 : Nutrition Cluster data base (Achievements Dashboard) 3/ Ministry of Industry and Trade - General management of Operations - Sana'a, July 2022

